

Unpacking Community Participation in Research: A Systematic Literature Review of Community-based and Participatory Research in Alaska

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SEARCH MATRIX

The following search matrix was used to identify literature to be used in the systematic literature review:

Community-based participatory research OR cbpr OR participatory research OR community-based OR participatory action research OR action research OR participatory evaluation OR collaborative inquiry OR action science OR empowerment evaluation OR community involvement OR knowledge co-production

AND

Anchorage OR Angoon OR Barrow OR Bethel OR Bristol Bay OR Chugach OR Chukchi OR Cook Inlet OR Cordova OR Denali OR Dillingham OR Fairbanks OR Haines OR Hoonah OR Juneau OR Kenai OR Ketchikan OR King Salmon OR Kodiak OR Koniag OR Kotzebue OR Koyukuk OR Kusilvak OR Lake and Peninsula OR Matanuska OR Naknek OR Nome OR North Slope Borough OR Northwest Arctic Borough OR Palmer OR Peterburg OR Sandpoint OR Skagway OR Sitka OR Soldotna OR Unalaska OR Utqiagvik OR Valdez OR Wade Hapton OR Wrangell OR Yakutat OR Yukon

AND

Alaska

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TABLE S1: Evaluation rubric used to extract information from papers, including a brief justification.

Section/Topic	Subcategories	Rationale
Administrative information	Title	
	Year published Journal / source Institution(s) Lead author Funding	A key constraint to conducting thorough CBPR is funding (Minkler et al., 2003) so it would be important to see who funds CBPR and whether certain funders lead to better quality CBPR.
	Supplementary materials provided?	It is recognised that stringent word counts for journals may result in non-reporting for some of the categories. However, an increasing number of journals allow supplementary materials to be included. Therefore, where there is non-reporting for indicators, despite supplementary materials being included, this could indicate non-reporting as a result of not being transparent about the research process.
Rationale	Key challenges addressed Who identified the challenge?	To understand the purpose of the work, the problem to be addressed and, where possible, whether this is a problem identified by local people or by outsiders.
Study site(s)	Rural / urban Indigenous / settler Multi-sited	To characterise where CBPR is most used in Alaska.
Positionality	Stated? Comments	Issues of positionality and reflexivity are important in CBPR to ensure transparency in the research process, particularly as this sort of work relies heavily on the premise that all knowledge is situated. It is therefore good practice for authors of CBPR to state their positionality in their research. This will be especially important where PAR is concerned.
	Obstacles reported	Obstacles often go unreported in CBPR due to overemphasis of success stories (Ford et al., 2015). This leads to unrealistic expectations for younger researchers and fails to communicate the complexity of the challenges.
Definition of community	Provided?	Given the broad definitions of the term “community,” it is important to understand how each publication defines it, if at all.
	Critical consideration around the concept of community	To establish whether any of the key debates around the nature of a community are considered in community-based research. This includes whether communities are considered to conflict-ridden or cohesive, and also the role of exogenous forces on the nature of community (Barrett, 2015).
	Critical consideration of participants	To better understand the considerations researchers made when selecting participants, with a particular focus on how they represent the ‘community’ and on issues of power.
	Consideration of who was excluded	Just as it is important to critically consider who is being included in research, it is important to consider who is excluded. Hitomi and Loring (2018) found there to be a tendency to exclude the voices of women and youth in the Arctic when it came to researching local traditional knowledge.
Participation	Who participated?	To better understand the characteristics of those who participated in the research. Previous work by Hitomi and Loring (2018) found that climate change research about local and traditional knowledge in Arctic indigenous communities favoured Elders and men as participants. It would be interesting to see whether this applies to Alaska both within and beyond the field of climate change.
	Participation in design Participation in data collection Participation in analysis Participation in evaluation Participation in results dissemination	To determine whether local people participated throughout the entire research process or only specific parts. This is important, as participatory research often claims to involve participants at each stage of the research (Tobias et al., 2013). Who participated at each stage, and the nature of participation will also be recorded.

EVALUATION RUBRIC

TABLE S2: List of articles included in the review.

Author(s)	Date	Title	Journal
Allen, J., Mohatt, G., Fok, C.C.T., Henry, D., and People Awakening Team	2009	Suicide prevention as a community development process: Understanding circumpolar youth suicide prevention through community level outcomes.	International Journal of Circumpolar Health
Allen, J., Mohatt, G.V., Rasmus, S.M., Hazel, K.L., Thomas, L., and Lindley, S.	2010	The tools to understand: Community as co-researcher on culture-specific protective factors for Alaska Natives.	Journal of Prevention and Intervention in the Community
Allen, J., Mohatt, G.V., Fok, C.C.T., Henry, D., Burkett, R., and People Awakening Team	2014	A protective factors model for alcohol abuse and suicide prevention among Alaska Native youth.	American Journal of Community Psychology
Allen, J., Rasmus, S.M., Fok, C.C.T., Charles, B., Henry, D., and People Awakening Team	2018	Multi-level cultural intervention for the prevention of suicide and alcohol use risk with Alaska Native youth: A nonrandomized comparison of treatment intensity.	Prevention Science
Arundale, W and Jones, E.	1989	Historic land use processes in Alaska's Koyukuk river area.	Arctic
Avey, J.P., Hiratsuka, V.Y., Beans, J.A., Trinidad, S.B., Tyndale, R.F., and Robinson, R.F.	2016	Perceptions of pharmacogenetic research to guide tobacco cessation by patients, providers and leaders in a tribal healthcare setting.	Pharmacogenomics
Berardi, G.	1998	Application of participatory rural appraisal in Alaska.	Human Organization
Berardi, G., and Donnelly, S.	1999	Rural participatory research in Alaska: The case of Tanakon village.	Journal of Rural Studies
Boyer, B.B., Mohatt, G.V., Lardon, C., Plaetke, R., Luick, B.R., Hutehison, S.H., Antunez de Mayolo, G., Ruppert, E., and Bersamin, A.	2005	Building a community-based participatory research center to investigate obesity and diabetes in Alaska Natives.	International Journal of Circumpolar Health
Boyer, B.B., Mohatt, G.V., Pasker, R.L., Drew, E.M., and McGlone, K.K.	2007	Sharing results from complex disease genetics studies: A community based participatory research approach.	International Journal of Circumpolar Health
Brewer II, J.P., Vandever, S., and Johnson, J.T.	2018	Towards energy sovereignty: Biomass as sustainability in interior Alaska.	Sustainability Science
Brinkman, T.J., Hansen, W.D., Chapin, F.S., Kofinas, G., BurnSilver, S., and Rupp, T.S.	2016	Arctic communities perceive climate impacts on access as a critical challenge to availability of subsistence resources.	Climatic Change
Brinkman, T., Maraale, K.T.B., Kelly, J., Vandyke, M., Firmin, A., and Springsteen, A.	2014	Impact of fuel costs on high-latitude subsistence activities.	Ecology and Society
Bronen, R.	2018	Community-based adaptation: Alaska Native communities design a relocation process to protect their human rights.	Resilience
Brown, G.G., and Donovan, S.	2013	Escaping the national forest planning quagmire: Using public participation GIS to assess acceptable national forest use.	Journal of Forestry
Brubaker, M.Y., Bell, J.N., Berner, J.E., and Warren, J.A.,	2011	Climate change health assessment: A novel approach for Alaska Native communities.	International Journal of Circumpolar Health
Burger, J., Gochfeld, M., and Pletnikoff, K.	2009	Collaboration versus communication: The department of energy's Amchitka Island and the Aleut community.	Environmental Research
Caringi, J.C., Klika, B., Zimmerman, M., Trautman, A., and van den Pol, R.	2013	Promoting youth voice in Indian country.	Children and Youth Services Review

TABLE S2: List of articles included in the review – *continued*.

Author (s)	Date	Title	Journal
Carpluk, L., and Leonard, B.	2016	Engaging Indigenous communities in higher education: An analysis of collaboration and ownership in Alaska Native teacher preparation.	Engaged Scholar Journal: Community-Engaged Research, Teaching, and Learning
Carter, B.T., and Nielsen, E.A.	2011	Exploring ecological changes in Cook Inlet beluga whale habitat though traditional and local ecological knowledge of contributing factors for population decline.	Marine Policy
Chan, M.N., Beaudreau, A.H., and Loring, P.A.	2017	Evaluating patterns and drivers of spatial change in the recreational guided fishing sector in Alaska.	PLoS One
Cueva, K., Cueva, M., Revels, L., Lanier, A.P., Dignan, M., Viswanath, K., Fung, T.T., and Geller, A.C.	2019	A Framework for culturally relevant online learning: Lessons from Alaska's tribal health workers.	Journal of Cancer Education
Cueva, K., Shimer, S., Kent, D., Geller, A.C., Viswanath, K., and Fung, T.T.	2017	Strengths and challenges of the Alaska WIC breastfeeding peer counselor program: A qualitative study of program implementation.	Journal of Nutrition Education
Cueva, K., Cueva, M., Revels, L., and Dignan, M.	2018	Culturally-relevant online education improves health workers' capacity and intent to address cancer.	Journal of Community Health
Cusack-McVeigh, H.	2016	Learning to listen: Community collaboration in an Alaska Native village.	Collaborative Anthropologies
Driscoll, D., Mitchell, E., Barker, R., Johnston, J., and Renes, S.	2016	Assessing the health effects of climate change in Alaska with community-based surveillance.	Climatic Change
Driscoll, D., Sunbury, T., Johnston, J., and Renes, S.	2013	Initial findings from the implementation of a community-based sentinel surveillance system to assess the health effects of climate change in Alaska.	International Journal of Circumpolar Health
Druckenmiller, M., Eicken, H., George, J.C., Brower, L.	2013	Trails to the whale: Reflections of change and choice on an Inupiat icescape at Barrow, Alaska.	Polar Geography
Ebbesson, S.O.E., Laston, S., Wenger, C., Dyke, B., Romensko, T., Swenson, M., Fabsitz, R., MacCluer, J., Devereux, R., Roman, M., Robbins, D., and Howard, B.	2006	Recruitment and community interactions in the GOCADAN study.	International Journal of Circumpolar Health
Eisner, W., Jelacic, J., Cuomo, C., Kim, C., Hinkel, K., and Del Alba, D.	2012	Producing an indigenous knowledge web GIS for Arctic Alaska communities: Challenges, successes, and lessons learned.	Transactions in GIS
Fienup-Riordan, A.	1999	Collaboration on Display: A Yup'ik Eskimo exhibit at three national museums.	American Anthropologist
Flint, C., Robinson, E., Kellogg, J., Ferguson, G., Boufajeldin, L., Dolan, M., Raskin, I., and Lila, M.	2011	Promoting wellness in Alaskan villages: Integrating traditional knowledge and science of wild berries.	EcoHealth
Ford, T., Rasmus, S., and Allen, J.	2012	Being useful: Achieving Indigenous youth involvement in a community-based participatory research project in Alaska.	International Journal of Circumpolar Health
Gadamus, L., and Raymond-Yakoubian, J.	2015	A Bering Strait Indigenous framework for resource management: Respectful seal and walrus hunting.	Arctic Anthropology
Gadamus, L.	2013	Linkages between human health and ocean health: A participatory climate change vulnerability assessment for marine mammal harvesters.	International Journal of Circumpolar Health
Gadamus, L., and Raymond-Yakoubian, J.	2015	Qualitative participatory mapping of seal and walrus harvest and habitat areas: Documenting Indigenous knowledge, preserving local values, and discouraging map misuse.	International Journal of Applied Geospatial Research
Gonzalez, J., and Trickett, E.	2014	Collaborative measurement development as a tool in CBPR: Measurement development and adaptation within the cultures of communities.	American Journal of Community Psychology

TABLE S2: List of articles included in the review – *continued*.

Author(s)	Date	Title	Journal
Gorokhovitch, Y., Leiserwitz, A., and Durgan, D.	2013	Integrating coastal vulnerability and community-based subsistence resource mapping in Northwest Alaska.	Journal of Coastal Research
Gram-Hanssen, I.	2017	Leaving, staying or belonging: Exploring the relationship between formal education, youth mobility and community resilience in rural Alaska.	Polar Geography
Green, C.	2017	Children environmental identity development in an Alaska Native rural context.	International Journal of Early Childhood
Henderson, T., Dinh, M., Morgan, K., and Lewis, J.	2015	Alaska Native grandparents rearing grandchildren: A rural community story.	Journal of Family Issues
Henry, D., Allen, J., Ching Ting Fok, C., Rasmus, S., Charles, B., and the PA Team	2012	Patterns of protective factors in an intervention for the prevention of suicide and alcohol abuse with Yup'ik Alaska Native youth.	The American Journal of Drug and Alcohol Abuse
Hillmer-Pegram, K.	2016	Integrating Indigenous values with capitalism through tourism: Alaskan experiences and outstanding issues.	Journal of Sustainable Tourism
Hiratsuka, V., Brown, J., and Dillard, D.	2012	Views of Biobanking Research Among Alaska Native People: The Role of community context,	Progress in Community Health
Hugo, R., Smythe, W., McAllister, S., Young, B., Maring, B., and Baptista, A.	2013	Lessons learned from a geoscience education program in an Alaska Native community.	Journal of Sustainability Education
Jones, C., Kielland, K., Hinzman, L., and Schneider, W.	2015	Integrating local knowledge and science: economic consequences of driftwood harvest in a changing climate.	Ecology and Society
Lardon, C., Soule, S., Kernak, D., and Lupie, H.	2011	Using strategic planning and organizational development principles for health promotion in an Alaska Native community.	Journal of Prevention & Intervention in the Community
Legaspi, A., and Orr, E.	2007	Disseminating research on community health and well-being: A collaboration between Alaska Native villages and the academe.	American Indian and Alaska Native Mental Health Research
Leonard, B., and Gilmore, P.	1999	Language revitalization and identity in social context: A community-based Athabaskan language preservation project in western interior Alaska.	Anthropology Education Quarterly
Lewis, J., Boyd, K., Rasmus, S., and Henderson, T.	2018	"We raise our grandchildren as our own." Alaska Native grandparents raising grandchildren in southwest Alaska.	Journal of Cross-Cultural Gerontology
Lewis, J.	2014	The role of the social engagement in the definition of successful ageing among Alaska Native elders in Bristol Bay, Alaska	Psychology and Developing Societies
Lipka, J.	1989	A cautionary role of curriculum development in Yup'ik Eskimo communities.	Anthropology & Education Quarterly
Lopez, E., Sharma, D.K., Mekiana, D., and Citibor, A.	2012	Forging a new legacy of trust in research with Alaska Native college students using CBPR.	International Journal of Circumpolar Health
Lynch, A., Curry, J., Brunner, R., and Maslanik, J.	2004	Toward an integrated assessment of the impacts of extreme wind events on Barrow, Alaska.	American Meteorological Society
McNeeley, S., and Shulski, M.	2011	Anatomy of a closing window: Vulnerability to changing seasonality in interior Alaska.	Global Environmental Change
McNeeley, S.	2012	Examining barriers and opportunities for sustainable adaptation to climate change in interior Alaska.	Climatic Change

TABLE S2: List of articles included in the review – *continued*.

Authors(s)	Date	Title	Journal
Miller, P.K., Waghiyi, V., Welfinger-Smith, G., Byrne, S.C., Kava, J., Gologergen, J., Eckstein, L., Serudato, R., Chiarenzelli, J., Carpenter, D.O., and Seguinot-Medina, S.	2013	Community-based participatory research projects and policy engagement to protect environmental health on St Lawrence Island, Alaska.	International Journal of Circumpolar Health
Mohatt, G. V., Fok, C. C. T., Henry, D., The People Awakening Team., and Allen, J.	2014	Feasibility of a community intervention for the prevention of suicide and alcohol abuse with Yup'ik Alaska Native Youth: The Elluam Tunginun and Yup'icimta Asvairtuumallerkaa studies.	American Journal of Community Psychology
Mohatt, G. V., Rasmus, S. M., Thomas, L., Allen, J., Hazel, K., and Marlatt, G. A.	2008	Risk, resilience, and natural recovery: a model of recovery from alcohol abuse for Alaska Natives.	Addiction
Mohatt, G. V., Hazel, K. L., Allen, J., Stachelrodt, M., Hensel, C., and Path, R.	2004	Unheard Alaska: Culturally anchored participatory action research on sobriety with Alaska Natives.	American Journal of Community Psychology
Mohatt, G.V., Plaetke, R., Klejka, J., Luick, B., Lardon, C., Bersamin, A., Hopkins, S., Dondanville, M., Herron, J., and Boyer, B.,	2007	The center for Alaska Native health research study: A community-based participatory research study of obesity and chronic disease-related protective and risk factors.	International Journal of Circumpolar Health
Natcher, D.	2004	Implications of fire policy on Native land use in the Yukon Flats, Alaska.	Human Ecology
Nu, J., and Bersamin, A.	2016	Collaborating with Alaska Native communities to design a cultural food intervention to address nutrition transition.	Progress in Community Health Partnerships: Research, Education, and Action
Patten, C.A., Lando, H., Resnicow, K., Decker, P.A., Smith, C.M., Hanza, M.M., Burhansstipanov, L., and Scott, M.	2018	Developing health communication messaging for a social marketing campaign to reduce tobacco use in pregnancy among Alaska native women.	Journal of Communication in Healthcare
Patten, C.A.	2012	Tobacco cessation intervention during pregnancy among Alaska Native women.	Journal of Cancer Education
Picou, S.	2009	Disaster recovery as translational applied sociology: Transforming chronic community distress.	Humboldt Journal of Social Relations
Picou, S.	2000	The “talking circle” as sociological practice: Cultural transformation of chronic disaster impacts.	Sociological Practice
Rasmus, S., Allen, J., and Ford, T.	2014a	“Where I have to learn the ways how to live: “Youth resilience in a Yup'ik village in Alaska.	Transcultural Psychiatry
Rasmus, S., Charles, B., and Mohatt, G.V.	2014b	Creating Qungasvik (A Yup'ik Intervention “toolbox”): Case examples from a community-developed and culturally-driven intervention.	American Journal of Community Psychology
Redwood, D., Lanier, A., Kemberling, M., Klejka, J., Sylvester, I., and Lundgren, K.,	2010	Community-based participatory research in a large cohort study of chronic diseases among Alaska Native adults.	Progress in Community Health Partnerships: Research, Education, and Action
Rivkin, I.D., Lopez, E., Quaintance, T.M., Trimble, J., Hopkins, S., Fleming, C., Orr, E., and Mohatt, G.V.	2010	Value of community partnership for understanding stress and coping in rural Yup'ik communities: The CANHR study.	The Journal of Health Disparities Research and Practice
Rivkin, I.D., Trimble, J., Lopez, E. D., Johnson, S., Orr, E., and Allen, J.	2013	Disseminating research in rural Yup'ik communities: challenges and ethical considerations in moving from discovery to intervention development.	International Journal of Circumpolar Health
Rivkin, I.D., Johnson, S., Lopez, E., Trimble, J., Quaintance, T., and Orr, E.	2016	Yup'ik understanding of stress within the context of rapid cultural change.	Journal of Community Psychiatry

TABLE S2: List of articles included in the review – *continued*.

Author(s)	Date	Title	Journal
Sakakibara, C.	2016	People of the whales: Climate change and cultural resilience among Inupiat of Arctic Alaska.	Geographical Review
Sharma, K., Lopez, E. D., Mekiana, D., Cibor, A., and Church, C.	2013	“What makes life good?” Developing a culturally grounded quality of life measure for Alaska Native college students.	International Journal of Circumpolar Health
Sigman, M., Dublin, R., Anderson, A., Deans, N., Warburton, J., Matsumoto, G.I., Dugan, D., and Hareharek, J.	2014	Using large marine ecosystems and cultural responsiveness as the context for professional development of teachers and scientists in ocean sciences.	Journal of Geoscience Education
Skewes, M., and Lewis, J.	2016	Sobriety and alcohol use among rural Alaska Native elders.	International Journal of Circumpolar Health
Trout, L., Wexler, L., and Moses, J.	2016	Beyond two worlds: Identity narratives and the aspirational futures of Alaska Native youth.	Transcultural Psychiatry
Trout, L., McEachern, D., Mullany, A., Lauren, W., and Wexler, L.	2018	Decoloniality as a framework for Indigenous youth suicide prevention pedagogy: Promoting community conversations about research to end suicide.	American Journal of Community Psychology
Weinrook, H., Wexler, L., Trout, L., Rowlett, K., Klakegg, I., Zhen, S., Valenzuela, S., Henry, I., and Moses, J.	2017	New understandings of communities and ourselves: Community-based participatory research with Alaska Native and lower 48 youth.	Educational Action Research
West, K., Hopkins, S., Hopper, K., Mohatt, G., and Boyer, B.	2013	Found in translation: Decoding local understandings of genetics and heredity in a Yup'ik Eskimo community.	Public Understanding of Science
Wexler, L., Moses, J., Hopper, K., Joule, L., Garoutte, J., and LSC CIPA Team	2013	Central role of relatedness in Alaska Native youth resilience: Preliminary themes from one site of the circumpolar Indigenous pathways to adulthood (CIPA) study.	American Journal of Community Psychology
Wexler, L.	2006	Inupiat youth suicide and culture loss: Changing community conversations for prevention.	Social Science and Medicine
Wexler, L.	2009	Identifying colonial discourses in Inupiat young people's narratives as a way to understand the no future of Inupiat youth suicide.	American Indian and Alaska Native Mental Health Research
Wexler, L.	2011	Intergenerational dialogue exchange and action: Introducing a community-based participatory approach to connect youth, adults and elders in an Alaskan Native community.	International Journal of Qualitative Methods
Wexler, L.	2014	Looking across three generations of Alaska Natives to explore how culture fosters indigenous resilience.	Transcultural Psychiatry
Wilson, N.	2014	Indigenous water governance: Insights from the hydrosocial relations of the Koyukon Athabascan village of Ruby, Alaska.	Geoforum
Wilson, N.	2018	Community-based monitoring as the practice of Indigenous governance: A case study of Indigenous-led water quality monitoring in the Yukon River Basin.	Journal of Environmental Management

TABLE S3: Themes and supporting evidence of articles that did, to some degree, critically consider who their participants were.

Theme	Example
Consideration of participant demographics	Ensured focus groups were conducted across different groups of students (e.g. all-male, all-female and non-traditional student groups) (Sharma et al., 2013).
Representation	Acknowledges that cultural consultants speak on behalf of population under study (Caringi et al., 2013; Legaspi and Orr, 2007). Acknowledges cultural inappropriateness of speaking on behalf of others so aims for representation from different cultural groups of AN (Mohatt et al., 2004).
Justification for inclusion	Argue that community health aides are best positioned to disseminate research (Cueva et al., 2018). States that participants knew each other, but did not represent a clique (Rivkin et al., 2010). Highlights that participants chosen by the steering committee were selected to represent varied pathways to adulthood (Wexler et al., 2013). Highlights that the community coordinator and taskforce members were cultural translators who were willing to contend with the paradox of familiarity (Wexler, 2006)
Recognition of heterogeneity	Recognizes that despite using local documents, the views presented there do not reflect the entire community (Hilmer-Pegram, 2016). Recognizes the diversity of groups and their perspectives (Hugo et al., 2013). Recognizes that larger families have more power and are more likely to be elected into public office, as well as the presence of tensions between extended families (Lipka, 1989). Describes difficulty in identifying core Yup'ik values and traditions due to heterogeneity between and within communities (Rasmus, 2014b).
Evidence of reflexivity	Addresses that snowball sampling meant that participants were identified based on other's definition of resilience, meaning that social workers selected youth participants who have obstacles to overcome, while youth chose Elders for their wellbeing (Wexler, 2014).

TABLE S4. Aspects of positionality expressed by authors. References to the cited works are listed in Table S2.

Component of positionality	Number of articles	Example
Ethnicity	11	States how background as AN facilitated trust with community members (Lewis, 2014). States that being American Indian means there is no separation between the researcher and the researched (Brewer et al., 2018).
Institutional	3	Describes how the use of research evidence itself undermines the decolonial approach desired in the research (Trout et al., 2018).
Collective	2	Provides detailed description of collaboration, as well as how individuals' position as unmarried women created challenges in assuming leadership roles, as they conflicted with Yup'ik social and gender norms (Lardon et al., 2011).
Personal	2	Provides detailed description of friendships between author, his family, and the community (Caringi et al., 2013).
Professional	12	Author had previously worked in region (Arundale and Jones, 1989; Rasmus, 2014; Wexler, 2006 ¹ , 2011).
Interests	2	The researchers want to strengthen energy sovereignty (Brewer et al., 2018).

¹ Wexler (2006) additionally demonstrates reflexivity as her results, discussion, and recommendations are guided by her role as the Suicide Prevention Coordinator. In her research, she tried to link the meanings of suicide to frameworks for action.

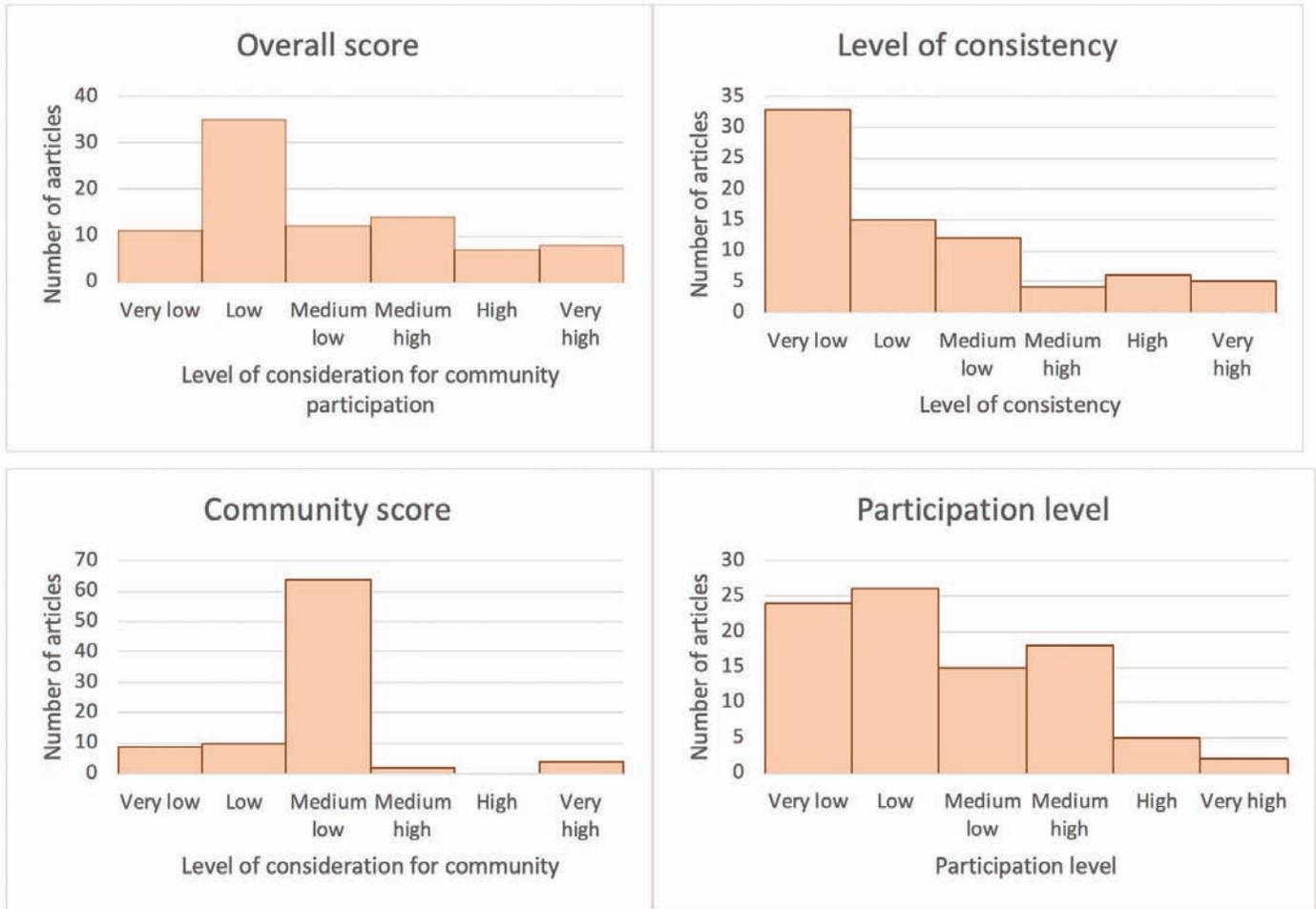


FIG. S1. Scoring of papers based on consistency, description of community, and level of participation.

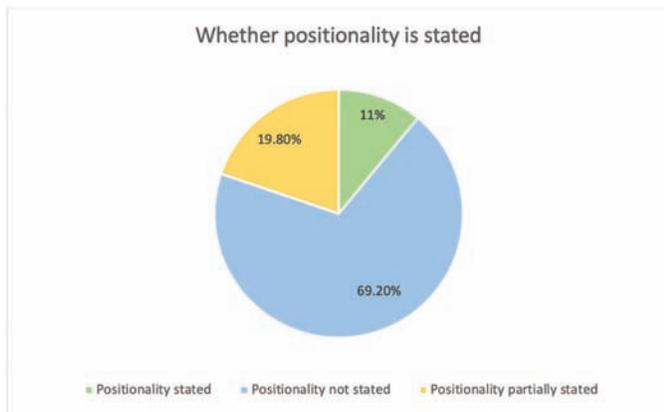


FIG. S2. The majority of papers did not state the author's positionality within the research, despite this being important in both participatory and community-based research.

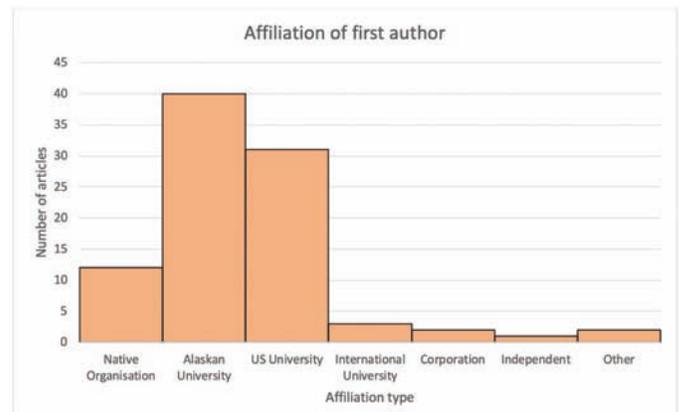


FIG. S3: Affiliation of the first author. Of all Alaskan institutes (n = 40), 80% (n = 32) had the University of Alaska Fairbanks (UAF) as the affiliation of the first author. Eleven papers had UAF as the affiliation of other authors.